SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: MEC4
Product Name: Metal Etch Convertor
Revision Date: July 13, 2017
Version: 1.0
Supplier's Name: Aftermarket Auto Parts Alliance
Address: 2706 Treble Creek
San Antonio, Texas 78258
Emergency Phone: InfoTrac: 1-800-535-5053
210-408-4315
Contact Person: Justin Hebert
Information Phone Number: General Assistance 210-492-4868
Email: product@alliance1.com
Product/Recommended Uses: A paint or paint constituent product.

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) - Category 3
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3
- Skin Irritation - Category 2
- Serious Eye Damage - Category 1
- Flammable Liquids - Category 2
- Corrosive to metals - Category 1
- Acute toxicity Dermal - Category 5
- Acute toxicity Oral - Category 3

Pictograms

Signal Word
Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Causes skin irritation
- Causes serious eye damage.
- Toxic if swallowed.
- May be harmful in contact with skin.

Hazardous Statements - Physical
- May be corrosive to metals.
- Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Precautionary Statements - General
- If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Keep out of reach of children.
Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Keep container tightly closed.
Wash thoroughly/hands thoroughly after handling.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Keep only in original packaging.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take action to prevent static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Precautionary Statements - Response
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor, if you feel unwell.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
Specific treatment (see first-aid on this label).
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
In case of fire: Use carbon-dioxide, alcohol foam, water spray or dry chemical to extinguish.
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Rinse mouth.

Precautionary Statements - Storage
Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.
Store in a corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulation. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the products to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)
None

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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<tr>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>% By Weight</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0000071-36-3</td>
<td>N-BUTYL ALCOHOL</td>
<td>23% - 55%</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation
Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or, if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact
Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a flushing duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Store clothing under water and wash clothing before re-use (or discard). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact
Remove source of exposure. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a flushing duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Ingestion
Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
No data available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
No data available.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media
Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide water spray or fog is recommended. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media
Do not use water jets.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire
Can form explosive air mixtures.
Containers can explode in a fire. Highly flammable with toxic fumes. Give off toxic fumes at high temperatures.
Vapors are heavier than air and may settle in low places or spread a long distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Fire-Fighting Procedures
Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions
Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.
SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure
ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).
Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.
If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

Recommended Equipment
Positive pressure, full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

Personal Precautions
Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Use explosive proof equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions
Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up
Contain and collect spilled materials with non-combustible, absorbent material and place in a container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same physical hazards as the product.
Use non-sparking tools.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General
Wash hands after use.
Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.
Do not breathe vapors or mists.
Use good personal hygiene practices.
Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements
Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements
Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.
Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.
Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by ground and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection
Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.
Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Use NIOSH approved air supplier full face piece or head covering respirator suitable for organic vapors/particulates as required.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

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<th>Chemical Name</th>
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<th>OSHA STEL (ppm)</th>
<th>OSHA STEL (mg/m3)</th>
<th>OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)</th>
<th>OSHA Carcinogen</th>
<th>OSHA Skin designation</th>
<th>NIOSH TWA (ppm)</th>
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<td>URT, eye, &amp; skin irr</td>
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(C) - Ceiling limit, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- **Density**: 6.81 lb/gal
- **% Solids By Weight**: 0.00%
- **Density VOC**: 4.62 lb/gal
- **% VOC**: 67.90%
- **Specific Gravity**: 0.82
- **Appearance**: Viscous Liquid
- **Odor Threshold**: N/A
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<td>Coefficient Water/Oil</td>
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SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability
Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid
Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Prone to ignite by static.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization
No data available.

Incompatible Materials
Keep away from: explosives, toxic gases, oxidizing substances, organic peroxides, poisonous (toxic) substance, infectious substances (biohazards).

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely route of exposure
Inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, eye contact, skin absorption.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Causes skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization
No Data Available

Germ Cell Mutagenicity
No Data Available

Carcinogenicity
No Data Available

Reproductive Toxicity
No Data Available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
No Data Available

Aspiration Hazard
No Data Available

Acute Toxicity
Toxic if swallowed.
May be harmful in contact with skin.

N-BUTYL ALCOHOL

LC50 (rat):  greater than 8000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (14)
LD50 (oral, rat):  2510 mg/kg (15)
LD50 (oral, male rat):  790 mg/kg (16)*
LD50 (oral, female rat):  2020 mg/kg (16)  *(Note: the rats used in this study appear to have been very young (60-100 grams).)
LD50 (oral, hamster):  1200 mg/kg (11, original)

0000110-43-0  METHYL N-AMYL KETONE
LC100 (rat):  4,000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (8)
LD50 (oral, female rat):  1,670 mg/kg (8)
LD50 (oral, mouse):  730 mg/kg (3; not confirmed)
LD50 (oral, mouse):  2,390 mg/kg; reported as 21.08 mmol/kg (7)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit):  10,300 mg/kg; reported as 12.6 mL/kg (8)

0000067-64-1  ACETONE
LC50 (male rat):  30000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 71000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)
LC50 (male mouse): 18600 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 44000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)
LD50 (oral, female rat):  5800 mg/kg (24)
LD50 (oral, mature rat): 6700 mg/kg (cited as 8.5 mL/kg) (31)
LD50 (oral, newborn rat): 1750 mg/kg (cited as 2.2 mL/kg) (31)
LD50 (oral, mouse):  3000 mg/kg (32,unconfirmed)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 16000 mg/kg cited as 20 mL/kg) (30)

0007664-38-2  PHOSPHORIC ACID
LC50 (mouse):  25.5 mg/m3 (duration of exposure not specified) (4)
LD50 (oral, rat):  3500 mg/kg (85% aqueous solution); 4200 mg/kg (80% aqueous solution)

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0000067-64-1  ACETONE
The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause
damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

0000071-36-3  N-BUTYL ALCOHOL
May cause abnormal blood forming function with anemia. Liquid splashes in the eye may result in chemical burns.

0007664-38-2  PHOSPHORIC ACID
Ingestion may cause any of the following: burns to mouth and stomach. Inhalation of vapor may cause any of the following: burns to respiratory
system. Skin or eye contact may cause any of the following: burns.

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity
No Data Available

Persistence and Degradability
No data available.

Bio-accumulative Potential
No data available.

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Other Adverse Effect
No data available.

Bio-accumulative Potential
0000067-64-1  ACETONE
Does not bioaccumulate

Persistence and Degradability
0000067-64-1  ACETONE
91% readily biodegradable, Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal
Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Information
UN number: UN3286
Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. (ACETONE, METHYL N-AMYL KETONE, N-BUTYL ALCOHOL, PHOSPHORIC ACID)
Hazard class: 3
Packaging group: II
Hazardous substance (RQ): No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard: No Data Available
Marine Pollutant: No Data Available
Note / Special Provision: No Data Available

IMDG Information
UN number: UN3286
Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. (ACETONE, METHYL N-AMYL KETONE, N-BUTYL ALCOHOL, PHOSPHORIC ACID)
Hazard class: 3
Packaging group: II
Marine Pollutant: No Data Available
Note / Special Provision: No Data Available

IATA Information
UN number: UN3286
Hazard class: 3
Packaging group: II
Proper shipping name: Flammable liquid, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. (ACETONE, METHYL N-AMYL KETONE, N-BUTYL ALCOHOL, PHOSPHORIC ACID)
Note / Special Provision: No Data Available

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

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<tr>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>% By Weight</th>
<th>Regulation List</th>
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<tr>
<td>0000071-36-3</td>
<td>N-BUTYL ALCOHOL</td>
<td>23% 55%</td>
<td>SARA313, SARA312, VOC, TSCA</td>
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<td>Material Code</td>
<td>Material Name</td>
<td>Concentration</td>
<td>Exemption/Act</td>
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<td>000067-64-1</td>
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<td>PHOSPHORIC ACID</td>
<td>2% - 3%</td>
<td>SARA312, TSCA</td>
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</table>

**SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

**Glossary**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG- Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limit; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

**HMIS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>Physical Hazard</th>
<th>Personal Protection</th>
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<tr>
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( * ) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

**Version 1.0:**

Revision Date: Jul 28, 2016
First Edition.

**DISCLAIMER**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named manufacturer nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.