SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: UPG1/UPG4
Product Name: Urethane Primer- Gray
Revision Date: July 13, 2017
Version: 1.0
Supplier's Name: Aftermarket Auto Parts Alliance
Address: 2706 Treble Creek
San Antonio, Texas 78258
Emergency Phone: InfoTrac: 1-800-535-5053
210-408-4315
Contact Person: Justin Hebert
Information Phone Number: General Assistance  210-492-4868
Email: product@alliance1.com
Product/Recommended Uses: A paint or paint constituent product.

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification:
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 1
- Skin Irritation - Category 2
- Eye Irritation - Category 2A
- Respiratory Sensitizer (Solid/Liquid) - Category 1
- Skin Sensitizer - Category 1
- Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B
- Carcinogenicity - Category 1A
- Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A
- Flammable Liquids - Category 2
- Flammables solids - Category 1
- Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 3
- Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 2
- Acute toxicity Oral - Category 4

Pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health:
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Causes skin irritation
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause genetic defects.
May cause cancer.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Harmful if swallowed.

**Hazardous Statements - Physical:**
Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Flammable solid.

**Hazardous Statements - Environmental:**
Very toxic to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements - General:**
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Keep out of reach of children.
Read label before use.

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention:**
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Wash thoroughly/hands thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Avoid release to the environment.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take action to prevent static discharges.

**Precautionary Statements - Response:**
Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
Specific treatment (see first-aid on this label).
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
In case of fire: Use carbon-dioxide, alcohol foam, water spray or dry chemical to extinguish.
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor, if you feel unwell.
Precautionary Statements - Storage:
Store locked up.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulation. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the products to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC):
None

Acute toxicity of 8.25% of the mixture is unknown

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SECTION 3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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<tr>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>% By Weight</th>
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<tr>
<td>0014807-96-6</td>
<td>TALC</td>
<td>15% - 34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0001330-20-7</td>
<td>XYLENE</td>
<td>12% - 16%</td>
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<td>0000108-65-6</td>
<td>PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>0013463-67-7</td>
<td>TITANIUM DIOXIDE</td>
<td>8% - 11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0000123-86-4</td>
<td>BUTFYL ACETATE</td>
<td>8% - 10%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trade Secret</td>
<td>Acrylic Copolymer Resin</td>
<td>7% - 9%</td>
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<tr>
<td>0000100-41-4</td>
<td>ETHYLBENZENE</td>
<td>3% - 4%</td>
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<tr>
<td>0001317-61-9</td>
<td>BLACK IRON OXIDE</td>
<td>2% - 3%</td>
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<tr>
<td>0014567-73-8</td>
<td>PM10 TREMOLITE</td>
<td>2% - 2%</td>
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<tr>
<td>0008052-41-3</td>
<td>STODDARD SOLVENT</td>
<td>1% - 1%</td>
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<td>0007631-86-9</td>
<td>SILICA, AMORPHOUS</td>
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<tr>
<td>0064742-89-8</td>
<td>ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT</td>
<td>0.0% - 0.4%</td>
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<td>0000077-58-7</td>
<td>DIBUTYLIN DILAURATE</td>
<td>0 - 0.1 %</td>
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<tr>
<td>0007440-21-3</td>
<td>SILICON</td>
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<td>0007429-90-5</td>
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<td>0007440-47-3</td>
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<td>0007439-92-1</td>
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<tr>
<td>0007440-48-4</td>
<td>COBALT</td>
<td>0 - 0.1 %</td>
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</table>

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:
Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or, if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact:
Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a flushing duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Store clothing under water and wash clothing before re-use (or discard). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**Eye Contact:**
Remove source of exposure. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a flushing duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

**Ingestion:**
Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**
No data available.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:**
No data available.

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**SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:**
Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide water spray or fog is recommended. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:**
Do not use water jets.

**Specific Hazards in Case of Fire:**
Can form explosive air mixtures.
Containers can explode in a fire. Highly flammable with toxic fumes. Give off toxic fumes at high temperatures.
Vapors are heavier than air and may settle in low places or spread a long distance to source of ignition and flash back.

**Fire-Fighting Procedures:**
Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot burning liquid.
Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

**Special Protective Actions:**
Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

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**SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Emergency Procedure:**
ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).
Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.
If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

**Recommended Equipment:**
Positive pressure, full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

**Personal Precautions:**
Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Use explosive proof equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
Environmental Precautions:
Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:
Contain and collect spilled materials with non-combustible, absorbent material and place in a container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same physical hazards as the product.
Use non-sparking tools.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General:
Wash hands after use.
Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.
Do not breathe vapors or mists.
Use good personal hygiene practices.
Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements:
Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements:
Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.
Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.
Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by ground and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection:
Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin Protection:
Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection:
If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.
Use NIOSH approved air supplier full face piece or head covering respirator suitable for organic vapors/particulates as required.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:
Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>OSHA TWA (ppm)</th>
<th>OSHA TWA (mg/m3)</th>
<th>OSHA STEL (ppm)</th>
<th>OSHA STEL (mg/m3)</th>
<th>OSHA Tables (Z1)</th>
<th>OSHA Skin designation</th>
<th>NIOSH TWA (ppm)</th>
<th>NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)</th>
<th>NIOSH STEL (ppm)</th>
<th>NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)</th>
<th>NIOSH Carcinogen</th>
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<td>ACGIH TWA (ppm)</td>
<td>ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)</td>
<td>ACGIH STEL (ppm)</td>
<td>ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)</td>
<td>ACGIH Carcinogen</td>
<td>ACGIH Notations</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV Basis</td>
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<td>ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT</td>
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<tr>
<td>ALUMINUM</td>
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<td>Eye, skin, &amp; GI irr; muscular stim</td>
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<td>A4</td>
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<td>COPPER</td>
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<td>Irritation; GI; metal fume fever</td>
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<td>URT irr; Kidney dam (nephropathy); Cochlear impair</td>
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<td>572</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TALC</td>
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<td>[LRT irr]; [Pneumococcus; lung cancer; mesothelioma]</td>
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<td>A4</td>
<td>LRT irr</td>
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<td>434</td>
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<td>651</td>
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<td>A4; BEI URT &amp; eye irr; CNS impair</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(F) - Respirable fibers, (I) - Inhalable fraction, (K) - Should not exceed 2 mg/m3 respirable particulate mass, (R) - Respirable fraction, A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen, A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, A5 - Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, dam - Damage, eff - Effects, GI - Gastrointestinal, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, LRT - Lower respiratory tract, PNS - Peripheral nervous system, URT - Upper respiratory tract
### SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical and Chemical Properties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>10.94 lb/gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Solids By Weight</td>
<td>60.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density VOC</td>
<td>4.16 lb/gal</td>
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<td>% VOC</td>
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<td>Water Based Emulsion</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Coefficient Water/Oil</td>
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### SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Stability:**

Stable under normal conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid:**

Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Prone to ignite by static.

**Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization:**

No data available.

**Incompatible Materials:**

Keep away from: explosives, toxic gases, oxidizing substances, organic peroxides, poisonous (toxic) substance, infectious substances (biohazards).

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Oxides of carbon.
SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely route of exposure:
Inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, eye contact, skin absorption.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:
Causes skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:
Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization:
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:
May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity:
May cause cancer.

Reproductive Toxicity:
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:
No Data Available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard:
No Data Available

Acute Toxicity:
Harmful if swallowed.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 (rat): 1802 mg/m3; 4-hour exposure (aerosol)(9) Note: A lower LC50 (aerosol) value of 760 mg/m3 (160 ppm); 4-hour exposure has been reported.(11,27) Extensive research has failed to confirm this value.
LD50 (oral, rat): 10770 mg/kg (12, unconfirmed)
LD50 (oral, mouse): 7100 mg/kg (5)
LD50 (oral, rabbit): 7400 mg/kg (cited as 64 millimols/kg) (13)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 5000 mg/kg (3, unconfirmed)

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

LC50 (inhalation, rat): 4000 ppm; 4-hour exposure (3)
LD50 (oral, rat): 3.5 g/kg (1,3,5,10)
LD50 (oral, rat): 4.72 g/kg (3,5,7,8)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 17.8 g/kg (11)

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

LC50 (rat): 6350 ppm (4-hour exposure) (unspecified isomers and ethylbenzene) (1) LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hour exposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene) (2) ethylbenzene) (1) LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hour exposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene) (2)
LD50 (oral, rat): 5400 mg/kg (52% m-, 19% o-, 24% p-) (1) LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)
LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes - undefined composition) (3)
LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)
LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes - undefined composition) (3)

0008052-41-3 STODDARD SOLVENT

LC50 (rat): greater than 5500 mg/m3 (880 ppm) (whole body exposure for 4 hours) (1)
LD50 (rat): greater than 8200 mg/m3 (1300 ppm) (2)
LD50 (oral, rat): greater than 5 g/kg (1)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): greater than 3 g/kg (1)
0007440-38-2 ARSENIC

LC50 (Invertebrate - daphnia, Chemical added to tank with water (dissolved in water)): 2850 ug/L (48 hours exposure) Toxic effects: Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value.

LD50 (Rodent - rat, Oral): 763 mg/kg, Toxic effects: Behavioral - ataxia Gastrointestinal - hypermotility, diarrhea

LD50 (Rodent - mouse, Oral): 145 mg/kg, Toxic effects: Behavioral - ataxia Gastrointestinal - hypermotility, diarrhea

LD50 (Rodent - mouse, Oral): 144 mg/kg, Toxic effects: Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value.

0007440-50-8 COPPER

LD50 (intraperitoneal, mouse): 3.5 mg/kg (6);

0007439-92-1 LEAD

LC50 (Invertebrate - daphnia, Chemical added to tank with water (dissolved in water)): 300 ug/L (48 hours exposure) Toxic effects: Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value.

Chronic Exposure

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been listed by IARC as Group 2B, Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

High exposure to Xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. Xylene in high concentrations has caused embryotoxic effects in laboratory animals.

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects.

WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

0000108-65-6 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE

Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

May cause abnormal liver function. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: respiratory system. Tests for embryotoxic activity in animals has been inconclusive. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: bone marrow, cardiovascular system, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High exposures may produce irregular heart beats. Canada classifies Xylene as a developmental toxin as high exposures to xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing fetus/embryo. These effects were often at levels toxic to the adult animal. The significance of these effects to humans is not known. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following: irritation, dryness, cracking of the skin.

0013463-67-7 TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. In a lifetime inhalation test, lung cancers were found in some rats exposed to 250 mg/m3 respirable titanium dust. Analysis of the titanium dioxide concentrations in the rat’s lungs showed that the lung clearance mechanism was overwhelmed and that the results at the massive 250 mg/m3 level are not relevant to the workplace. Results of a DuPont epidemiology study showed that employees who had been exposed to Titanium Dioxide were at no greater risk of developing lung cancer than were employees who had not been exposed to Titanium dioxide. No pulmonary fibrosis was found in any of the employees and no association was observed between Titanium dioxide exposure and chronic respiratory disease or xray abnormalities. Based on the results of this study DuPont concludes that titanium dioxide will not cause lung cancer or chronic respiratory disease in humans at concentrations experienced in the workplace.

0064742-89-8 ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT

Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.
SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:
Very toxic to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and Degradability:
No data available.

Bio-accumulative Potential:
No data available.

Mobility in soil:
No data available.

Other Adverse Effect:
No data available.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal:
Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>% By Weight</th>
<th>Regulation List</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0014807-96-6</td>
<td>TALC</td>
<td>15% - 34%</td>
<td>SARA312, IARCCarcinogen, TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0001330-20-7</td>
<td>XYLENE</td>
<td>12% - 16%</td>
<td>SARA313, SARA312, VOC, IARCCarcinogen, TSCA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**U.S. DOT Information:**
- UN number: UN1263
- Proper shipping name: Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound
- Hazard class: 3
- Packaging group: II
- Hazardous substance (RQ): No data available
- Toxic-Inhalation Hazard: No data available
- Marine Pollutant: No data available
- Note / Special Provision: No data available

**IMDG Information:**
- UN number: UN1263
- Proper shipping name: Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound
- Hazard class: 3
- Packaging group: II
- Marine Pollutant: No data available
- Note / Special Provision: No data available

**IATA Information:**
- UN number: UN1263
- Hazard class: 3
- Packaging group: II
- Proper shipping name: Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound
- Note / Special Provision: No data available

### SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>RQ/CA_Prop65</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0000108-65-6</td>
<td>PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE</td>
<td>8% - 11%</td>
<td>SARA312,VOC,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0013463-67-6</td>
<td>TITANIUM DIOXIDE</td>
<td>8% - 11%</td>
<td>SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0000123-86-4</td>
<td>BUTYL ACETATE</td>
<td>8% - 10%</td>
<td>SARA312,VOC,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0000100-41-4</td>
<td>ETHYL BENZENE</td>
<td>3% - 4%</td>
<td>SARA313, SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Concentration</td>
<td>SARA/Other Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0001317-61-9</td>
<td>BLACK IRON OXIDE</td>
<td>2% - 3%</td>
<td>SARA312,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0014567-73-8</td>
<td>PM10 TREMOLITE</td>
<td>2% - 2%</td>
<td>SARA312</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0008052-41-3</td>
<td>STODDARD SOLVENT</td>
<td>1% - 1%</td>
<td>SARA312,VOC,TSCA,TSCA_UVCB - CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES OF UNKNOWN OR VARIABLE COMPOSITION, COMPLEX REACTION PRODUCTS AND BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007631-86-9</td>
<td>SILICA, AMORPHOUS</td>
<td>0.1% - 1%</td>
<td>SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0064742-89-8</td>
<td>ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT</td>
<td>0.0% - 0.4%</td>
<td>SARA312,VOC,TSCA,TSCA_UVCB - CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES OF UNKNOWN OR VARIABLE COMPOSITION, COMPLEX REACTION PRODUCTS AND BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000077-58-7</td>
<td>DIBUTYLIN DILAURATE</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA312,VOC,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007440-21-3</td>
<td>SILICON</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA312,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007429-90-5</td>
<td>ALUMINUM</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA312,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007440-39-3</td>
<td>BARIUM</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA312,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007440-50-8</td>
<td>COPPER</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA312,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007440-47-3</td>
<td>CHROMIUM</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007440-02-0</td>
<td>NICKEL</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA313, SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,NTPCarcinogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007440-38-2</td>
<td>ARSENIC</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA313, SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007439-92-1</td>
<td>LEAD</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA313, SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA,SARA313_PBT - SARA313_Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Chemicals,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0007440-48-4</td>
<td>COBALT</td>
<td>0 - 0.1%</td>
<td>SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

**Glossary:**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDGC-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ - Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.
HMIS

Health / 2
FLAMMABILITY 4
Physical Hazard 0
Personal Protection 1

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

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